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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/734,788	12/12/2003	Tommy Rodrigues	FDN-2824 (17017)	3477	
7590 05/20/2005			EXAMINER		
Attn: William J. Davis, Esq.			RUDDOCK, ULA CORINNA		
GAF MATERIALS CORPORATION Legal Dept., Building No. 10			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1361 Alps Road			1771		
Wayne, NJ 07470			DATE MAILED: 05/20/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)				
		734,788	RODRIGUES ET	AL.			
Office Action Sum	mary Exam	miner	Art Unit				
T		C. Ruddock	1771				
The MAILING DATE of this Period for Reply	communication appears of	on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY P THE MAILING DATE OF THIS C - Extensions of time may be available under t after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date - If the period for reply specified above is less - If NO period for reply is specified above, the - Failure to reply within the set or extended py Any reply received by the Office later than the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CF	OMMUNICATION. ne provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In of this communication. than thirty (30) days, a reply within the maximum statutory period will apply priod for reply will, by statute, cause three months after the mailing date of	n no event, however, may a reply the statutory minimum of thirty (30 r and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS the application to become ABANI	be timely filed O) days will be considered time from the mailing date of this OONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.			
Status							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL.3) ☐ Since this application is in	☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)	5-21 is/are withdrawn from ed. ed. cted to.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objecte 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request that Replacement drawing sheet(s 11) The oath or declaration is o	is/are: a) accepted any objection to the drawir of including the correction is a	ng(s) be held in abeyance. required if the drawing(s) i	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 C	` '			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	:						
2. Certified copies of th3. Copies of the certified	one of: e priority documents have e priority documents have d copies of the priority do International Bureau (PC	e been received. e been received in Appl cuments have been rec T Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this Nationa	l Stage			
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawin Information Disclosure Statement(s) (P Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12-12-03. 		Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) ail Date nat Patent Application (PT	⁻ O-152)			

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Election/Restrictions

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-14, drawn to a roofing shingle, classified in class 442, subclass 180.
 - II. Claims 15-21, drawn to a process of making a roofing shingle, classified in class 156, subclass 60.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions II and I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the product can be made by another method, i.e. by coextruding the substrate and the organic film.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with William Davis on April 19, 2005, a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-14. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 15-21 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

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5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Objections

6. Claim 2 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 2 requires that "said organic film is formed of an organic film," while the independent claim requires an organic film. The dependent claim fails to further limit the independent claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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- 8. Claims 1, 2, and 6-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Pinault et al. (US 2002/0160151). Pinault et al. disclose an integrated granule product that includes a film having granules. The product is suitable for roofing products (abstract) and roofing shingles [0021]. The product also contains a cured adhesive and an asphalt-based substrate [0021]. The film materials can be polyethylene terephthalate and polyamide [0022]. The adhesive can be a urethane or acrylic adhesive [0027]. The granules can be conventional granule materials utilized in such application as roofing products [0035]. Suitable substrates include a mat or web wherein the mat is saturated or coated with asphalt. Preferred materials comprise a non-woven matting of fiberglass [0049]. Regarding claims 6 and 11, it should be noted that because the Pinault reference discloses the same materials as Applicant, the thermoplastic film will have a melting point higher than the melting temperatures of the asphalt coating said substrate or the thermosetting film will have a decomposition temperature higher than the melting temperature of the asphalt coating said substrate.
- 9. Claims 1-4, 6, 7, and 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Miller et al. (US 2002/0110679). Miller et al. disclose a storm proof asphalt-based roofing material includes a substrate coated with an asphalt coating, a protective coating, a layer of granules, and a web bonded to the lower region of the asphalt coating (abstract). The substrate is a nonwoven web of glass fibers [0036]. An asphalt coating is applied to the nonwoven web of glass fibers [0038]. The web is then coated with granules [0040]. The protective coating is applied as a film [0041] and can function as an adhesive. The adhesive can include any type of thermoplastic, thermoset, or asphalt-based adhesive. Some examples include polyamide, rubbers, polyesters,

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polyurethanes, and siloxanes 0052]. The film can also be polyvinyl chloride [0070]. Regarding claims 6 and 11, it should be noted that because the Miller reference discloses the same materials as Applicant, the thermoplastic film will have a melting point higher than the melting temperatures of the asphalt coating said substrate or the thermosetting film will have a decomposition temperature higher than the melting temperature of the asphalt coating said substrate.

10. Claims 1-7 and 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tajima et al. (US 4,636,414). Tajima et al. disclose a laminate bituminous roofing membrane. The membrane includes a fibrous sheet, a first bituminous layer laminated on one surface of the fibrous sheet, the bituminous layer being composed of bitumen or a bituminous mixtures, a synthetic resin sheet or film laminated on the other surface, and a mineral aggregate layer deposited on the surface (abstract). The fibrous sheets can be nonwoven glass fabrics and are impregnated with bitumen or a bituminous mixture (col 3, In 50-62). The resin sheets include polyvinyl chloride or polyester (col 3, ln 63-68 to col 4, ln 1-3). The bituminous layers can be rubber modified bitumen (col 4, In 19-29). The laminated bituminous roofing membranes can be applied or bonded to a substrate by using adhesives such as rubber-modified bitumen (col 5, In 43-57). Regarding claims 6 and 11, it should be noted that because the Tajima reference discloses the same materials as Applicant, the thermoplastic film will have a melting point higher than the melting temperatures of the asphalt coating said substrate or the thermosetting film will have a decomposition temperature higher than the melting temperature of the asphalt coating said substrate.

Conclusion

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11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ula C Ruddock whose telephone number is 571-272-1481. The examiner

can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel H. Morris can be reached on 571-272-1478. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

UCR

Ula Ruddock Primary Examiner Tech Center 1700